

EMB Agar (i23068)

EMB Agar, Levine, is a slightly selective and differential plating medium for the isolation of gram-negative enteric bacteria.

Industry: Clinical / Food

Principles & Uses

This culture medium, known as Eosin Methylene Blue (EMB) Agar, is a selective and differential medium used for the isolation of Enterobacteria, particularly coliforms. It originally formulated by Holt-Harris and Teague and further modified by Levine It contains lactose and sucrose, along with two indicator dyes, Eosin Y and Methylene Blue. These dyes help differentiate between organisms that can ferment lactose and/or sucrose and those that cannot. Peptones provide essential nutrients, while dipotassium phosphate acts as a buffer. Coliforms produce blue-black colonies due to the eosinmethylene blue dye complex, and Escherichia coli colonies may exhibit a green metallic sheen due to rapid lactose fermentation. Non-fermenting bacteria appear as colorless or transparent amber colonies.

EMB Agar is widely used in medical bacteriology and recommended by APHA for detecting and enumerating coliforms in food and water samples. It helps distinguish lactose-negative organisms, such as Salmonellae and Shigella, from other lactose-negative and sucrose-positive species. This medium is valuable for quality control and contamination assessment in various fields.

Composition (gr/L)

Peptone 10, Lactose 10, Dipotassium Phosphate 2, Eosin Y 0.4, Methylene Blue 0.065, Agar 13.5. Final pH at 25° C 7.1 \pm 0.2

Preparation from dehydrated Powder

Suspend 36 g of the powder in 1 Liter of distilled water. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.

Quality Control

Dehydrated Appearance: Fine, homogeneous, may contain up to a large amount of minute to small dark red purple particles.

Prepared Appearance: Medium to dark, green orange brown, hazy.

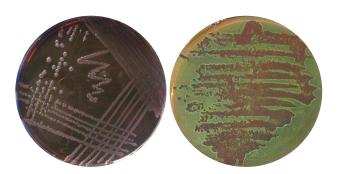
Reaction of 3.6% Solution at 25°C: pH 7.1 ± 0.2

Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics were observed after incubation at $35 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours. *Coliforms* that use lactose and/or sucrose produce blue-black colonies with dark centers and a greenish metallic sheen.

Organism (ATCC*)	Recovery	Reaction
Escherichia coli (25922)	Good	Metallic sheen
Enterococcus faecalis (29212)	Partial inhibition	-
Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serotype Typhi (19430)	Good	No metallic sheen
Shigella flexneri (12022)	Good	No metallic sheen

*ATCC is a registered trade mark of the American Type Culture Collection.



Salmonella displaying colorless colonies (left), and E. coli with green colonies and a metallic sheen (right).

Storage

Keep the container at 15-30 °C. Store prepared medium at 2-8 °C. Keep away from light to avoid photooxidation.